# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

### **2023 REGULAR SESSION**

### ENROLLED

### **Committee Substitute**

for

### **Committee Substitute**

for

## Senate Bill 268

By Senators Takubo, Hamilton, Queen, Plymale,

Deeds, and Nelson

[Passed March 06, 2023; in effect from passage]

1 AN ACT to amend and reenact §5-16-2, §5-16-3, §5-16-4, §5-16-5 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to repeal §5-16-5b of said code; to amend and reenact §5-16-7, §5-16-2 3 7b, §5-16-7c, §5-16-7g, §5-16-8, §5-16-9, §5-16-10, §5-16-11, §5-16-13, §5-16-14, §5-16-15, §5-16-16, §5-16-18, §5-16-23, §5-16-25, and §5-16-26 of said code; to repeal 5-16-28 4 5 of said code; and to amend said code by adding thereto three new sections, designated 6 §5-16-30, §5-16-31, and §5-16-32, all relating generally to the West Virginia Public 7 Employees Insurance Act; providing definitions; removing antiquated reporting 8 requirement: imposing fiduciary responsibility on finance board members and requiring 9 training; providing requirements for actuary opinions and financial plans; modifying levels 10 of reimbursements to health care providers; modifying public hearing requirements; 11 providing for the use of Governor's revenue estimates; requiring director to provide certain 12 information to the board; requiring that certain actuary opinions and financial plans include, 13 but not be limited to, the aggregate premium cost-sharing percentages between employers 14 and employees, including the amounts of any subsidization of retired employee benefits, at 15 a level of 80 percent for the employer and 20 percent for employees beginning with the 16 plan year for fiscal year 2024; providing for retention of excess revenues; terminating the Post-July 1, 2010, Employee Trust Fund; removing limitations on benefits for certain 17 18 services provided for autism spectrum disorder; moving certain provisions of law to other 19 places within the code; modifying provisions relating to coverage for reconstructive surgery 20 following mastectomies; modifying provisions relating to coverage for prescription insulin 21 drugs; providing for health and wellness programs; require PEIA to use networks to 22 provide care to members out of state; clarifying language allowing a PEIA plan to provide 23 benefits for retired employees and their spouses and dependents; requiring employees to 24 pay actuarial value of plan for spouse coverage in certain circumstances; requiring 25 programs that gualify for favorable income tax treatment; providing for optional dental, 26 optical, disability, and prepaid retirement plan, and audiology and hearing-aid service

plans, and preferred provider plans; providing for employers' payment of PEIA costs;
providing for coverage of members of the Legislature; providing for reserve fund and
quarterly reports; requiring an independent actuarial study of financial solvency of plan;
and providing that amendments made to article shall be incorporated into the plan
beginning with plan year 2024.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

### ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' INSURANCE ACT. §5-16-2. Definitions.

The following words and phrases as used in this article, unless a different meaning is
 clearly indicated by the context, have the following meanings:

3 "Agency" or "PEIA" means the Public Employees Insurance Agency created by this article.

4 "Applied behavior analysis" means the design, implementation, and evaluation of
5 environmental modifications using behavioral stimuli and consequences in order to produce
6 socially significant improvement in human behavior and includes the use of direct observation,
7 measurement, and functional analysis of the relationship between environment and behavior.

8 "Autism spectrum disorder" means any pervasive developmental disorder, including 9 autistic disorder, Asperger's syndrome, Rett syndrome, childhood disintegrative disorder, or 10 Pervasive Development Disorder as defined in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and 11 Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders of the American Psychiatric Association.

"Certified behavior analyst" means an individual who is certified by the Behavior Analyst
 Certification Board or certified by a similar nationally recognized organization.

"Dependent" includes an eligible employee's child under the age of 26 as defined in the
Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

"Device" means a blood glucose test strip, glucometer, continuous glucose monitor
(CGM), lancet, lancing device, or insulin syringe used to cure, diagnose, mitigate, prevent, or treat
diabetes or low blood sugar, but does not include insulin pumps.

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"Director" means the Director of the Public Employees Insurance Agency created by this article.

21 "Distant site" means the telehealth site where the health care practitioner is seeing the 22 patient at a distance or consulting with a patient's health care practitioner.

23 "Employee" means any person, including an elected officer, who works regularly full-time 24 in the service of the State of West Virginia; and, for the purpose of this article only, the term 25 "employee" also means any person, including an elected officer, who works regularly full-time in 26 the service of a county board of education; a public charter school established pursuant to §18-27 5G-1 et seq. of this code if the charter school includes in its charter contract entered into pursuant 28 to §18-5G-7 of this code a determination to participate in the Public Employees Insurance 29 program; a county, city, or town in the state; any separate corporation or instrumentality 30 established by one or more counties, cities, or towns, as permitted by law; any corporation or 31 instrumentality supported in most part by counties, cities, or towns; any public corporation charged 32 by law with the performance of a governmental function and whose jurisdiction is coextensive with 33 one or more counties, cities, or towns; any comprehensive community mental health center or 34 intellectually and developmentally disabled facility established, operated, or licensed by the 35 Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources pursuant to §27-2A-1 of this code 36 and which is supported in part by state, county, or municipal funds; any person who works 37 regularly full-time in the service of the Higher Education Policy Commission, the West Virginia 38 Council for Community and Technical College Education, or a governing board as defined in §18B-39 1-2 of this code; any person who works regularly full-time in the service of a combined city-county 40 health department created pursuant to §16-2-1 et seq. of this code; any person designated as a 41 21st Century Learner Fellow pursuant to §18A-3-11 of this code; and any person who works as a 42 long-term substitute as defined in §18A-1-1 of this code in the service of a county board of 43 education: Provided, That a long-term substitute who is continuously employed for at least 133 44 instructional days during an instructional term, and, until the end of that instructional term, is

45 eligible for the benefits provided in this article until September 1 following that instructional 46 term: Provided, however, That a long-term substitute employed fewer than 133 instructional days 47 during an instructional term is eligible for the benefits provided in this article only during such time 48 as he or she is actually employed as a long-term substitute. On and after January 1, 1994, and 49 upon election by a county board of education to allow elected board members to participate in the 50 Public Employees Insurance Program pursuant to this article, any person elected to a county 51 board of education shall be considered to be an "employee" during the term of office of the elected 52 member. Upon election by the State Board of Education to allow appointed board members to 53 participate in the Public Employees Insurance Program pursuant to this article, any person 54 appointed to the State Board of Education is considered an "employee" during the term of office of 55 the appointed member: *Provided further*, That the elected member of a county board of education 56 and the appointed member of the State Board of Education shall pay the entire cost of the 57 premium if he or she elects to be covered under this article. Any matters of doubt as to who is an 58 employee within the meaning of this article shall be decided by the director.

59 On or after July 1, 1997, a person shall be considered an "employee" if that person meets 60 the following criteria:

(A) Participates in a job-sharing arrangement as defined in §18A-1-1 *et seq.* of this code;
(B) Has been designated, in writing, by all other participants in that job-sharing
arrangement as the "employee" for purposes of this section; and

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(C) Works at least one-third of the time required for a full-time employee.

<sup>65</sup> "Employer" means the State of West Virginia, its boards, agencies, commissions, <sup>66</sup> departments, institutions, or spending units; a county board of education; a public charter school <sup>67</sup> established pursuant to §18-5G-1 *et seq.* of this code if the charter school includes in its charter <sup>68</sup> contract entered into pursuant to §18-5G-7 of this code a determination to participate in the Public <sup>69</sup> Employees Insurance Program; a county, city, or town in the state; any separate corporation or <sup>70</sup> instrumentality established by one or more counties, cities, or towns, as permitted by law; any

71 corporation or instrumentality supported in most part by counties, cities, or towns; any public 72 corporation charged by law with the performance of a governmental function and whose 73 jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more counties, cities, or towns; any comprehensive 74 community mental health center or intellectually and developmentally disabled facility established, 75 operated, or licensed by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources 76 pursuant to §27-2A-1 et seq. of this code and which is supported in part by state, county, or 77 municipal funds; a combined city-county health department created pursuant to §16-2-1 et seq. of 78 this code: and a corporation meeting the description set forth in §18B-12-3 of this code that is 79 employing a 21st Century Learner Fellow pursuant to §18A-3-11 of this code but the corporation is 80 not considered an employer with respect to any employee other than a 21st Century Learner 81 Fellow. Any matters of doubt as to who is an "employer" within the meaning of this article shall be 82 decided by the director. The term "employer" does not include within its meaning the National 83 Guard.

84 "Established patient" means a patient who has received professional services, face-to-85 face, from the physician, qualified health care professional, or another physician or qualified health 86 care professional of the exact same specialty and subspecialty who belongs to the same group 87 practice, within the past three years.

88 "Finance board" means the Public Employees Insurance Agency finance board created89 by this article.

90 "Health care practitioner" means a person licensed under §30-1-1 *et seq.* of this code who
91 provides health care services.

92 "Originating site" means the location where the patient is located, whether or not 93 accompanied by a health care practitioner, at the time services are provided by a health care 94 practitioner through telehealth, including, but not limited to, a health care practitioner's office, 95 hospital, critical access hospital, rural health clinic, federally qualified health center, a patient's

96 home, and other nonmedical environments such as school-based health centers, university-based
97 health centers, or the work location of a patient.

98 "Objective evidence" means standardized patient assessment instruments, outcome 99 measurements tools, or measurable assessments of functional outcome. Use of objective 100 measures at the beginning of treatment, during, and after treatment is recommended to quantify 101 progress and support justifications for continued treatment. The tools are not required but their use 102 will enhance the justification for continued treatment.

103 "Person" means any individual, company, association, organization, corporation, or other104 legal entity.

"Plan" means a group hospital and surgical insurance plan or plans, a group prescription
drug insurance plan or plans, a group major medical insurance plan or plans, and a group life and
accidental death insurance plan or plans.

108 "Prescription insulin drug" means a prescription drug that contains insulin and is used to
 109 treat diabetes, and includes at least one type of insulin in all of the following categories:

110 (1) Rapid-acting;

111 (2) Short-acting;

- 112 (3) Intermediate-acting;
- 113 (4) Long-acting;

114 (5) Pre-mixed insulin products;

115 (6) Pre-mixed insulin/GLP-1 RA products; and

116 (7) Concentrated human regular insulin.

"Primary coverage" means individual or group hospital and surgical insurance coverage
or individual or group major medical insurance coverage or group prescription drug coverage in
which the spouse or dependent is the named insured or certificate holder.

120 "Remote patient monitoring services" means the delivery of home health services using
 121 telecommunications technology to enhance the delivery of home health care, including monitoring

of clinical patient data such as weight, blood pressure, pulse, pulse oximetry, blood glucose, and
 other condition-specific data; medication adherence monitoring; and interactive video
 conferencing with or without digital image upload.

125 "Retired employee" means an employee of the state who retired after April 29, 1971, and 126 an employee of the Higher Education Policy Commission, the Council for Community and 127 Technical College Education, a state institution of higher education, or a county board of education 128 who retires on or after April 21, 1972, and all additional eligible employees who retire on or after 129 the effective date of this article, meet the minimum eligibility requirements for their respective state 130 retirement system, and whose last employer immediately prior to retirement under the state 131 retirement system is a participating employer in the state retirement system and in the Public 132 Employees Insurance Agency: Provided, That for the purposes of this article, the employees who 133 are not covered by a state retirement system, but who are covered by a state-approved or state-134 contracted retirement program or a system approved by the director, shall, in the case of education 135 employees, meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the State Teachers Retirement System, 136 and in all other cases, meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the Public Employees 137 Retirement System and may participate in the Public Employees Insurance Agency as retired 138 employees upon terms as the director sets by rule as authorized in this article. Employers with 139 employees who are, or who are eligible to become, retired employees under this article shall be 140 mandatory participants in the Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund created pursuant to §5-16D-1 et 141 seq. of this code. Nonstate employers may opt out of the West Virginia other post-employment 142 benefits plan of the Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund and elect to not provide benefits under the 143 Public Employees Insurance Agency to retirees of the nonstate employer, but may do so only upon 144 the written certification, under oath, of an authorized officer of the employer that the employer has 145 no employees who are, or who are eligible to become, retired employees and that the employer 146 will defend and hold harmless the Public Employees Insurance Agency from any claim by one of 147 the employer's past, present, or future employees for eligibility to participate in the Public

Employees Insurance Agency as a retired employee. As a matter of law, the Public Employees Insurance Agency shall not be liable in any respect to provide plan benefits to a retired employee of a nonstate employer which has opted out of the West Virginia other post-employment benefits plan of the Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund pursuant to this section.

152 "Telehealth services" means the use of synchronous or asynchronous telecommunications 153 technology or audio-only telephone calls by a health care practitioner to provide health care 154 services, including, but not limited to, assessment, diagnosis, consultation, treatment, and 155 monitoring of a patient; transfer of medical data; patient and professional health-related education; 156 public health services; and health administration. The term does not include e-mail messages or 157 facsimile transmissions.

158 "Virtual telehealth" means a new patient or follow-up patient for acute care that does not159 require chronic management or scheduled medications.

#### §5-16-3. Composition of Public Employees Insurance Agency.

1 (a) The Public Employees Insurance Agency consists of the director, the finance board, the 2 advisory board, and any employees who may be authorized by law. The director shall be 3 appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and serve at the will and 4 pleasure of the Governor. The director shall have at least three years' experience in health or 5 governmental health benefit administration as his or her primary employment duty prior to 6 appointment as director. The director shall receive actual expenses incurred in the performance of 7 official business. The director shall employ any administrative, technical, and clerical employees 8 required for the proper administration of the programs provided in this article. The director shall 9 perform the duties that are required of him or her under the provisions of this article and is the 10 Chief Administrative Officer of the Public Employees Insurance Agency. The director may employ 11 a deputy director.

(b) Except for the director, his or her personal secretary, the deputy director, and the chief
financial officer, all positions in the agency shall be included in the classified service of the civil
service system pursuant to §29-6-1 *et seq*. of this code.

15 (c) The director is responsible for the administration and management of the Public 16 Employees Insurance Agency as provided in this article and in connection with his or her 17 responsibility may make all rules necessary to effectuate the provisions of this article. Nothing in 18 §5-16-4 or §5-16-5 of this code limits the director's ability to manage on a day-to-day basis the 19 group insurance plans required or authorized by this article, including, but not limited to, 20 administrative contracting, studies, analyses and audits, eligibility determinations, utilization 21 management provisions and incentives, provider negotiations, provider contracting and payment, 22 designation of covered and noncovered services, offering of additional coverage options or cost 23 containment incentives, pursuit of coordination of benefits, and subrogation, or any other actions 24 which would serve to implement the plan or plans designed by the finance board. The director is to 25 function as a benefits management professional and should avoid political involvement in 26 managing the affairs of the Public Employees Insurance Agency.

(d) The director may, if it is financially advantageous to the state, operate the Medicare
retiree health benefit plan offered by the agency based on a plan year that runs concurrent with the
calendar year. Financial plans as addressed in section five of this article shall continue to be on a
fiscal-year basis.

(e) The director should make every effort to evaluate and administer programs to improve
quality, improve health status of members, develop innovative payment methodologies, manage
health care delivery costs, evaluate effective benefit designs, evaluate cost sharing and benefitbased programs, and adopt effective industry programs that can manage the long-term
effectiveness and costs for the programs at the Public Employees Insurance Agency to include,
but not be limited to:

37 (1) Increasing generic fill rates;

38 (2) Managing specialty pharmacy costs;

39 (3) Implementing and evaluating medical home models and health care delivery;

40 (4) Coordinating with providers, private insurance carriers, and, to the extent possible,
41 Medicare to encourage the establishment of cost-effective accountable care organizations;

42 (5) Exploring and developing advanced payment methodologies for care delivery such as
43 case rates, capitation, and other potential risk-sharing models and partial risk-sharing models for
44 accountable care organizations and medical homes;

45 (6) Adopting measures identified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to
46 reduce cost and enhance quality;

47 (7) Evaluating the expenditures to reduce excessive use of emergency room visits,
48 imaging services, and other drivers of the agency's medical rate of inflation;

49 (8) Recommending cutting-edge benefit designs to the finance board to drive behavior and
50 control costs for the plans;

51 (9) Implementing programs to encourage the use of the most efficient and high-quality
52 providers by employees and retired employees;

(10) Identifying employees and retired employees who have multiple chronic illnesses and
initiating programs to coordinate the care of these patients;

(11) Initiating steps to adjust payment by the agency for the treatment of hospital-acquired infections and related events consistent with the payment policies, operational guidelines, and implementation timetable established by the Centers of Medicare and Medicaid Services. The agency shall protect employees and retired employees from any adjustment in payment for hospital acquired infections; and

60 (12) Initiating steps to reduce the number of employees and retired employees who 61 experience avoidable readmissions to a hospital for the same diagnosis-related group illness 62 within 30 days of being discharged by a hospital in this state or another state consistent with the

payment policies, operational guidelines, and implementation timetable established by the
Centers of Medicare and Medicaid Services.

§5-16-4. Public Employees Insurance Agency Finance Board. 1 (a) The Public Employees Insurance Agency Finance Board is continued and consists of 2 the Secretary of the Department of Administration or his or her designee, as a voting member, and 3 10 members appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for terms of 4 four years and each may serve until his or her successor is appointed and gualified. Members may 5 be reappointed for successive terms. No more than six members, including the Secretary of the 6 Department of Administration, may be of the same political party. Members of the board shall 7 satisfy the qualification requirements provided for by subsection (b) of this section. The Governor 8 shall make appointments necessary to satisfy the requirements of subsection (b) of this section to 9 staggered terms as determined by the Governor.

10 (b) (1) Of the 10 members appointed by the Governor with advice and consent of the11 Senate:

(A) One member shall represent the interests of education employees. The member shall
hold a bachelor's degree, shall have obtained teacher certification, shall be employed as a teacher
for a period of at least three years prior to his or her appointment, and shall remain a teacher for
the duration of his or her appointment to remain eligible to serve on the board.

(B) One member shall represent the interests of public employees. The member shall be
employed to perform full- or part-time service for wages, salary, or remuneration for a public body
for a period of at least three years prior to his or her appointment and shall remain an employee of
a public body for the duration of his or her appointment to remain eligible to serve on the board.

20 (C) One member shall represent the interests of retired employees. The member shall
21 meet the definition of retired employee as provided in §5-16-2 of this code.

(D) One member shall represent the interests of a participating political subdivision. The
 member shall have been employed by a political subdivision for a period of at least three years

prior to his or her appointment and shall remain an employee of a political subdivision for the
duration of his or her appointment to remain eligible to serve on the board. The member may not
be an elected official.

(E) One member shall represent the interests of hospitals. The member shall have been
employed by a hospital for a period of at least three years prior to his or her appointment and shall
remain an employee of a hospital for the duration of his or her appointment to remain eligible to
serve on the board.

(F) One member shall represent the interests of non-hospital health care providers. The member shall have owned his or her non-hospital health care provider business for a period of at least three years prior to his or her appointment and shall maintain ownership of his or her nonhospital health care provider business for the duration of his or her appointment to remain eligible to serve on the board.

36 (G) Four members shall be selected from the public at large, meeting the following37 requirements:

38 (i) One member selected from the public at large shall generally have knowledge and
 39 expertise relating to the financing, development, or management of employee benefit programs;

40 (ii) One member selected from the public at large shall have at least three years of
41 experience in the insurance benefits business;

42 (iii) One member selected from the public at large shall be a certified public accountant with
43 at least three years of experience with financial management and employee benefits program
44 experience; and

45 (iv) One member selected from the public at large shall be a health care actuary or certified
46 public accountant with at least three years of financial experience with the health care
47 marketplace.

48 (2) No member of the board may be a registered lobbyist.

(3) All appointments shall be selected to represent the different geographical areas within
the state and all members shall be residents of West Virginia. No member may be removed from
office by the Governor except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty, neglect of
fiduciary duty, or other specific responsibility imposed by this article or gross immorality.

53 (4) All members of the board shall have a fiduciary responsibility to protect plan assets for54 the benefit of plan participants.

55 (5) Beginning July 1, 2023, and every year thereafter, all board members shall complete 56 fiduciary training and timely complete any conflict-of-interest forms required to serve as a fiduciary. 57 (c) The Secretary of the Department of Administration shall serve as chair of the finance 58 board, which shall meet at times and places specified by the call of the chair or upon the written 59 request to the chair by at least two members. The Director of the Public Employees Insurance 60 Agency shall serve as staff to the board. Notice of each meeting shall be given in writing to each 61 member by the director at least three days in advance of the meeting. Six members shall 62 constitute a guorum. The board shall pay each member the same compensation and expense 63 reimbursement that is paid to members of the Legislature for their interim duties for each day or 64 portion of a day engaged in the discharge of official duties.

(d) Upon termination of the board and notwithstanding any provisions of this article to the
contrary, the director is authorized to assess monthly employee premium contributions and to
change the types and levels of costs to employees only in accordance with this subsection. Any
assessments or changes in costs imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be implemented by
legislative rule proposed by the director for promulgation pursuant to §29A-3-1 *et seq*. of this code.
Any employee assessments or costs previously authorized by the finance board shall then remain
in effect until amended by rule of the director promulgated pursuant to this subsection.

§5-16-5. Powers and duties of the finance board.
(a) The purpose of the finance board is to bring fiscal stability to the Public Employees
Insurance Agency through development of annual financial plans and long-range plans designed

to meet the agency's estimated total financial requirements, taking into account all revenues
projected to be made available to the agency and apportioning necessary costs equitably among
participating employers, employees, and retired employees and providers of health care services.

6 (b) The finance board shall retain the services of an impartial, professional actuary, with 7 demonstrated experience in analysis of large group health insurance plans, to estimate the total 8 financial requirements of the Public Employees Insurance Agency for each fiscal year and to 9 review and render written professional opinions as to financial plans proposed by the finance 10 board. The actuary shall also assist in the development of alternative financing options and 11 perform any other services requested by the finance board or the director. All reasonable fees and 12 expenses for actuarial services shall be paid by the Public Employees Insurance Agency. Any 13 financial plan or modifications to a financial plan approved or proposed by the finance board shall 14 be submitted to and reviewed by the actuary and may not be finally approved and submitted to the 15 Governor and to the Legislature without the actuary's written professional opinion that the plan 16 may be reasonably expected to generate sufficient revenues to meet all estimated program and 17 administrative costs of the agency, including incurred but unreported claims, for the fiscal year for 18 which the plan is proposed.

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(c) All financial plans shall establish:

(1) The minimum level of reimbursement at 110 percent of the Medicare amount for all
providers: *Provided*, That the plan shall reimburse a West Virginia hospital that provides inpatient
medical care to a beneficiary, covered by the state and non-state plans, at a minimum rate of 110
percent of the Medicare diagnosis-related group rate for the admission, or the Medicare per diem,
per day rate applicable to a critical access hospital, as appropriate: *Provided*, *however*, That the
rates established pursuant to this subdivision do not apply to any Medicare primary retiree health
plan.

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27 (2) Any necessary cost-containment measures for implementation by the director;

28 (3) The levels of premium costs to participating employers; and

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(4) The types and levels of cost to participating employees and retired employees.

The financial plans may provide for different levels of costs based on the insureds' ability to pay. The finance board may establish different levels of costs to retired employees based upon length of employment with a participating employer, ability to pay, or other relevant factors. The financial plans may also include optional alternative benefit plans with alternative types and levels of cost. The finance board may develop policies which encourage the use of West Virginia health care providers.

In addition, the finance board may allocate a portion of the premium costs charged to participating employers to subsidize the cost of coverage for participating retired employees, on such terms as the finance board determines are equitable and financially responsible.

39 (d)(1) The finance board shall prepare an annual financial plan for each fiscal year. The
40 finance board chairman shall request the actuary to estimate the total financial requirements of the
41 Public Employees Insurance Agency for the fiscal year.

42 (2) The finance board shall prepare a proposed financial plan designed to generate 43 revenues sufficient to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the Public 44 Employees Insurance Agency for the fiscal year. The proposed financial plan shall allow for no 45 more than 30 days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. Before final 46 adoption of the proposed financial plan, the finance board shall request the actuary to review the 47 plan and to render a written professional opinion stating whether the plan will generate sufficient 48 revenues to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the Public Employees 49 Insurance Agency for the fiscal year. The actuary's report shall explain the basis of its opinion. If 50 the actuary concludes that the proposed financial plan will not generate sufficient revenues to 51 meet all anticipated costs, then the finance board shall make necessary modifications to the 52 proposed plan to ensure that all actuarially determined financial requirements of the agency will be 53 met.

(3) Upon obtaining the actuary's opinion, the finance board shall conduct at least two public
hearings in each congressional district to receive public comment on the proposed financial plan,
shall review the comments, and shall finalize and approve the financial plan.

57 (4) For each fiscal year, the Governor shall provide his or her estimate of total revenues to 58 the finance board no later than October 15 of the preceding fiscal year: Provided, That for the 59 prospective financial plans required by this section, the Governor shall estimate the revenues 60 available for each fiscal year of the plans based on the estimated percentage of growth in general 61 fund revenues: Provided, however. That the director and finance board may only use revenue 62 estimates from the Governor as necessary to maintain an actuarially recommended reserve fund 63 and to maintain premium cost-sharing percentages as required in this article: Provided, further, 64 That the director and finance board may not incorporate revenue sources into the finance board 65 plan beyond the premium cost-sharing percentages as required in this article. The director shall 66 provide the number of covered lives for the current fiscal year and a five-year analysis of the costs 67 for covering paid claims to the finance board no later than October 15 of the preceding year. The 68 finance board shall submit its final approved financial plan after obtaining the necessary actuary's 69 opinion, which opinion shall include, but not be limited to, the aggregate premium cost-sharing 70 percentages between employers and employees, including the amounts of any subsidization of 71 retired employee benefits, at a level of 80 percent for the employer and 20 percent for employees, 72 to the Governor and to the Legislature no later than January 1 preceding the fiscal year. The 73 financial plan for a fiscal year becomes effective and shall be implemented by the director on July 1 74 of the fiscal year. In addition to each final approved financial plan required under this section, the 75 finance board shall also simultaneously submit financial statements based on generally accepted 76 accounting practices (GAAP) and the final approved plan restated on an accrual basis of 77 accounting, which shall include allowances for incurred but not reported claims. The financial 78 statements and the accrual-based financial plan restatement shall not affect the approved 79 financial plan.

80 (e) The provisions of §29A-1-1 *et seq.* of this code shall not apply to the preparation,
81 approval and implementation of the financial plans required by this section.

(f) By January 1 of each year, the finance board shall submit to the Governor and the Legislature a prospective financial plan for a period not to exceed five years for the programs provided in this article. Factors the board shall consider include, but are not limited to, the trends for the program and the industry; the medical rate of inflation; utilization patterns; cost of services; and specific information such as average age of employee population, active to retiree ratios, the service delivery system, and health status of the population.

88 (g) The prospective financial plans shall be based on the estimated revenues submitted in 89 accordance §5-16-5(d)(4) of this code and shall include an average of the projected cost-sharing 90 percentages of premiums and an average of the projected deductibles and copays for the various 91 programs. Each plan year, the aggregate premium cost-sharing percentages between employers 92 and employees, including the amounts of any subsidization of retired employee benefits, shall be 93 at a level of 80 percent for the employer and 20 percent for employees, except for the employers 94 provided in §5-16-18(d) of this code whose premium cost-sharing percentages shall be governed 95 by that subsection. After the submission of the initial prospective plan, the board may not increase 96 costs to the participating employers or change the average of the premiums, deductibles, and 97 copays for employees, except in the event of a true emergency. If the board invokes the 98 emergency provisions, the cost shall be borne between the employees and employees in 99 proportion to the cost-sharing ratio for that plan year. For purposes of this section, "emergency" 100 means that the most recent projections demonstrate that plan expenses will exceed plan revenues 101 by more than one percent in any plan year. The aggregate premium cost-sharing percentages 102 between employers and employees, including the amounts of any subsidization of retired 103 employee benefits, may be offset, in part, by a legislative appropriation for that purpose.

(h) The finance board shall meet on at least a quarterly basis to review implementation of
 its current financial plan in light of the actual experience of the Public Employees Insurance

Agency. The board shall review actual costs incurred, any revised cost estimates provided by the actuary, expenditures, and any other factors affecting the fiscal stability of the plan, and may make any additional modifications to the plan necessary to ensure that the total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal year are met. The finance board may not increase the types and levels of cost to employees during its quarterly review except in the event of a true emergency.

(i) For any fiscal year in which legislative appropriations differ from the Governor's estimate
of general and special revenues available to the agency, the finance board shall, within 30 days
after passage of the budget bill, make any modifications to the plan necessary to ensure that the
total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal year are met.

(j) In the event the revenues in a given year exceed the expenses, the amount of revenues
in excess of the expenses shall be retained by the Public Employees Insurance Agency to offset
future premium increases.

#### §5-16-5b. Creation of trust for retirees hired on or after July 1, 2010.

[Repealed.]

# §5-16-7. Authorization to establish plans; mandated benefits; optional plans; separate rating for claims experience purposes.

(a) The agency shall establish plans for those employees herein made eligible and
 establish and promulgate rules for the administration of these plans subject to the limitations
 contained in this article. These plans shall include:

4 (1) Coverages and benefits for x-ray and laboratory services in connection with 5 mammograms when medically appropriate and consistent with current guidelines from the United 6 States Preventive Services Task Force; pap smears, either conventional or liquid-based cytology, 7 whichever is medically appropriate and consistent with the current guidelines from either the 8 United States Preventive Services Task Force or the American College of Obstetricians and 9 Gynecologists; and a test for the human papilloma virus when medically appropriate and 10 consistent with current guidelines from either the United States Preventive Services Task Force or

the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, when performed for cancer screening
or diagnostic services on a woman age 18 or over;

13 (2) Annual checkups for prostate cancer in men age 50 and over;

(3) Annual screening for kidney disease as determined to be medically necessary by a
physician using any combination of blood pressure testing, urine albumin or urine protein testing,
and serum creatinine testing as recommended by the National Kidney Foundation;

(4) For plans that include maternity benefits, coverage for inpatient care in a duly licensed
health care facility for a mother and her newly born infant for the length of time which the attending
physician considers medically necessary for the mother or her newly born child. No plan may deny
payment for a mother or her newborn child prior to 48 hours following a vaginal delivery or prior to
96 hours following a caesarean section delivery if the attending physician considers discharge
medically inappropriate;

(5) For plans which provide coverages for post-delivery care to a mother and her newly
born child in the home, coverage for inpatient care following childbirth as provided in subdivision
(4) of this subsection if inpatient care is determined to be medically necessary by the attending
physician. These plans may include, among other things, medicines, medical equipment,
prosthetic appliances, and any other inpatient and outpatient services and expenses considered
appropriate and desirable by the agency; and

29 (6) Coverage for treatment of serious mental illness:

(A) The coverage does not include custodial care, residential care, or schooling. For
 purposes of this section, "serious mental illness" means an illness included in the American
 Psychiatric Association's diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders, as periodically
 revised, under the diagnostic categories or subclassifications of:

34 (i) Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders;

35 (ii) Bipolar disorders;

36 (iii) Depressive disorders;

37 (iv) Substance-related disorders with the exception of caffeine-related disorders and
 38 nicotine-related disorders;

39 (v) Anxiety disorders; and

40 (vi) Anorexia and bulimia.

With regard to a covered individual who has not yet attained the age of 19 years, "serious mental illness" also includes attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, separation anxiety disorder, and conduct disorder.

44 (B) The agency shall not discriminate between medical-surgical benefits and mental health 45 benefits in the administration of its plan. With regard to both medical-surgical and mental health 46 benefits, it may make determinations of medical necessity and appropriateness and it may use 47 recognized health care quality and cost management tools including, but not limited to, limitations 48 on inpatient and outpatient benefits, utilization review, implementation of cost-containment 49 measures, preauthorization for certain treatments, setting coverage levels, setting maximum 50 number of visits within certain time periods, using capitated benefit arrangements, using fee-for-51 service arrangements, using third-party administrators, using provider networks, and using patient 52 cost sharing in the form of copayments, deductibles, and coinsurance. Additionally, the agency 53 shall comply with the financial requirements and quantitative treatment limitations specified in 45 54 CFR 146.136(c)(2) and (c)(3), or any successor regulation. The agency may not apply any 55 nonquantitative treatment limitations to benefits for behavioral health, mental health, and 56 substance use disorders that are not applied to medical and surgical benefits within the same 57 classification of benefits: *Provided*. That any service, even if it is related to the behavioral health, 58 mental health, or substance use diagnosis if medical in nature, shall be reviewed as a medical 59 claim and undergo all utilization review as applicable;

60 (7) Coverage for general anesthesia for dental procedures and associated outpatient
 61 hospital or ambulatory facility charges provided by appropriately licensed health care individuals in
 62 conjunction with dental care if the covered person is:

(A) Seven years of age or younger or is developmentally disabled and is an individual for
whom a successful result cannot be expected from dental care provided under local anesthesia
because of a physical, intellectual, or other medically compromising condition of the individual and
for whom a superior result can be expected from dental care provided under general anesthesia.

(B) A child who is 12 years of age or younger with documented phobias or with documented mental illness and with dental needs of such magnitude that treatment should not be delayed or deferred and for whom lack of treatment can be expected to result in infection, loss of teeth, or other increased oral or dental morbidity and for whom a successful result cannot be expected from dental care provided under local anesthesia because of such condition and for whom a superior result can be expected from dental care provided under general anesthesia.

(8) (A) All plans shall include coverage for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of autism spectrum disorder in individuals ages 18 months to 18 years. To be eligible for coverage and benefits under this subdivision, the individual must be diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder at age eight or younger. Such plan shall provide coverage for treatments that are medically necessary and ordered or prescribed by a licensed physician or licensed psychologist and in accordance with a treatment plan developed from a comprehensive evaluation by a certified behavior analyst for an individual diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder.

(B) The coverage shall include, but not be limited to, applied behavior analysis which shall
be provided or supervised by a certified behavior analyst. This subdivision does not limit, replace,
or affect any obligation to provide services to an individual under the Individuals with Disabilities
Education Act, 20 U. S. C. §1400 *et seq.*, as amended from time to time, or other publicly funded
programs. Nothing in this subdivision requires reimbursement for services provided by public
school personnel.

86 (C) The certified behavior analyst shall file progress reports with the agency semiannually.
87 In order for treatment to continue, the agency must receive objective evidence or a clinically
88 supportable statement of expectation that:

89 (i) The individual's condition is improving in response to treatment;

90 (ii) A maximum improvement is yet to be attained; and

91 (iii) There is an expectation that the anticipated improvement is attainable in a reasonable92 and generally predictable period of time.

(D) To the extent that the provisions of this subdivision require benefits that exceed the
essential health benefits specified under section 1302(b) of the Patient Protection and Affordable
Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148, as amended, the specific benefits that exceed the specified
essential health benefits shall not be required of insurance plans offered by the Public Employees
Insurance Agency.

(9) For plans that include maternity benefits, coverage for the same maternity benefits for
all individuals participating in or receiving coverage under plans that are issued or renewed on or
after January 1, 2014: *Provided*, That to the extent that the provisions of this subdivision require
benefits that exceed the essential health benefits specified under section 1302(b) of the Patient
Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148, as amended, the specific benefits that
exceed the specified essential health benefits shall not be required of a health benefit plan when
the plan is offered in this state.

(10) (A) Coverage, through the age of 20, for amino acid-based formula for the treatment of
severe protein-allergic conditions or impaired absorption of nutrients caused by disorders affecting
the absorptive surface, function, length, and motility of the gastrointestinal tract. This includes the
following conditions, if diagnosed as related to the disorder by a physician licensed to practice in
this state pursuant to either §30-3-1 *et seq.* or §30-14-1 *et seq.* of this code:

(i) Immunoglobulin E and nonimmunoglobulin E-medicated allergies to multiple foodproteins;

112 (ii) Severe food protein-induced enterocolitis syndrome;

113 (iii) Eosinophilic disorders as evidenced by the results of a biopsy; and

(iv) Impaired absorption of nutrients caused by disorders affecting the absorptive surface,
function, length, and motility of the gastrointestinal tract (short bowel).

(B) The coverage required by paragraph (A) of this subdivision shall include medical foods
for home use for which a physician has issued a prescription and has declared them to be
medically necessary, regardless of methodology of delivery.

(C) For purposes of this subdivision, "medically necessary foods" or "medical foods" shall
 mean prescription amino acid-based elemental formulas obtained through a pharmacy: *Provided*,
 That these foods are specifically designated and manufactured for the treatment of severe allergic
 conditions or short bowel.

(D) The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to persons with an intolerance forlactose or soy.

125 (11) The cost for coverage of children's immunization services from birth through age 16 126 years to provide immunization against the following illnesses: Diphtheria, polio, mumps, measles, 127 rubella, tetanus, hepatitis-b, hemophilia influenzae-b, and whooping cough. Any contract entered 128 into to cover these services shall require that all costs associated with immunization, including the 129 cost of the vaccine, if incurred by the health care provider, and all costs of vaccine administration 130 be exempt from any deductible, per visit charge, and copayment provisions which may be in force 131 in these policies or contracts. This section does not require that other health care services 132 provided at the time of immunization be exempt from any deductible or copayment provisions.

(12) The provision requiring coverage for 12-month refill for contraceptive drugs codified at
§33-58-1 of this code.

(13) The group life and accidental death insurance herein provided shall be in the amountof \$10,000 for every employee.

(b) The agency shall make available to each eligible employee, at full cost to the employee,
the opportunity to purchase optional group life and accidental death insurance as established
under the rules of the agency. In addition, each employee is entitled to have his or her spouse and

dependents, as defined by the rules of the agency, included in the optional coverage, at full cost tothe employee, for each eligible dependent.

142 (c) The finance board may cause to be separately rated for claims experience purposes:

143 (1) All employees of the State of West Virginia;

(2) All teaching and professional employees of state public institutions of higher educationand county boards of education;

(3) All nonteaching employees of the Higher Education Policy Commission, West Virginia
Council for Community and Technical College Education, and county boards of education; or

148 (4) Any other categorization which would ensure the stability of the overall program.

(d) The agency shall maintain the medical and prescription drug coverage for Medicareeligible retirees by providing coverage through one of the existing plans or by enrolling the Medicare-eligible retired employees into a Medicare-specific plan, including, but not limited to, the Medicare/Advantage Prescription Drug Plan. If a Medicare-specific plan is no longer available or advantageous for the agency and the retirees, the retirees remain eligible for coverage through the agency.

(e) The agency shall establish procedures to authorize treatment with a nonparticipating provider if a covered service is not available within established time and distance standards and within a reasonable period after service is requested, and with the same coinsurance, deductible, or copayment requirements as would apply if the service were provided at a participating provider, and at no greater cost to the covered person than if the services were obtained at or from a participating provider.

(f) If the Public Employees Insurance Agency offers a plan that does not cover services
provided by an out-of-network provider, it may provide the benefits required in paragraph (A),
subdivision (6), subsection (a) of this section if the services are rendered by a provider who is
designated by and affiliated with the Public Employees Insurance Agency, and only if the same
requirements apply for services for a physical illness.

(g) In the event of a concurrent review for a claim for coverage of services for the
prevention of, screening for, and treatment of behavioral health, mental health, and substance use
disorders, the service continues to be a covered service until the Public Employees Insurance
Agency notifies the covered person of the determination of the claim.

(h) Unless denied for nonpayment of premium, a denial of reimbursement for services for
the prevention of, screening for, or treatment of behavioral health, mental health, and substance
use disorders by the Public Employees Insurance Agency shall include the following language:

(1) A statement explaining that covered persons are protected under this section, which
provides that limitations placed on the access to mental health and substance use disorder
benefits may be no greater than any limitations placed on access to medical and surgical benefits;

(2) A statement providing information about the internal appeals process if the coveredperson believes his or her rights under this section have been violated; and

(3) A statement specifying that covered persons are entitled, upon request to the Public
Employees Insurance Agency, to a copy of the medical necessity criteria for any behavioral health,
mental health, and substance use disorder benefit.

(i) On or after June 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, the Public Employees Insurance
Agency shall submit a written report to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance that
contains the following information regarding plans offered pursuant to this section:

(1) Data that demonstrates parity compliance for adverse determination regarding claims
for behavioral health, mental health, or substance use disorder services and includes the total
number of adverse determinations for such claims;

187 (2) A description of the process used to develop and select:

(A) The medical necessity criteria used in determining benefits for behavioral health,mental health, and substance use disorders; and

190 (B) The medical necessity criteria used in determining medical and surgical benefits;

(3) Identification of all nonquantitative treatment limitations that are applied to benefits for
behavioral health, mental health, and substance use disorders and to medical and surgical
benefits within each classification of benefits;

194 (4) The results of analyses demonstrating that, for medical necessity criteria described in 195 subdivision (2) of this subsection and for each nonquantitative treatment limitation identified in 196 subdivision (3) of this subsection, as written and in operation, the processes, strategies, 197 evidentiary standards, or other factors used in applying the medical necessity criteria and each 198 nonquantitative treatment limitation to benefits for behavioral health, mental health, and substance 199 use disorders within each classification of benefits are comparable to, and are applied no more 200 stringently than, the processes, strategies, evidentiary standards, or other factors used in applying 201 the medical necessity criteria and each nonquantitative treatment limitation to medical and 202 surgical benefits within the corresponding classification of benefits;

(5) The Public Employees Insurance Agency's report of the analyses regarding
 nonquantitative treatment limitations shall include at a minimum:

205 (A) Identify factors used to determine whether a nonquantitative treatment limitation will
 206 apply to a benefit, including factors that were considered but rejected;

207 (B) Identify and define the specific evidentiary standards used to define the factors and any
208 other evidence relied on in designing each nonquantitative treatment limitation;

209 (C) Provide the comparative analyses, including the results of the analyses, performed to 210 determine that the processes and strategies used to design each nonguantitative treatment 211 limitation, as written, and the written processes and strategies used to apply each nonguantitative 212 treatment limitation for benefits for behavioral health, mental health, and substance use disorders 213 are comparable to, and are applied no more stringently than, the processes and strategies used to 214 design and apply each nonquantitative treatment limitation, as written, and the written processes 215 and strategies used to apply each nonguantitative treatment limitation for medical and surgical 216 benefits;

217 (D) Provide the comparative analysis, including the results of the analyses, performed to 218 determine that the processes and strategies used to apply each nonquantitative treatment 219 limitation, in operation, for benefits for behavioral health, mental health, and substance use 220 disorders are comparable to, and are applied no more stringently than, the processes and 221 strategies used to apply each nonquantitative treatment limitation, in operation, for medical and 222 surgical benefits; and

(E) Disclose the specific findings and conclusions reached by the Public Employees
Insurance Agency that the results of the analyses indicate that each health benefit plan offered by
the Public Employees Insurance Agency complies with paragraph (B), subdivision (6), subsection
(a) of this section; and

(6) After the initial report required by this subsection, annual reports are only required for
any year thereafter during which the Public Employees Insurance Agency makes significant
changes to how it designs and applies medical management protocols.

(j) The Public Employees Insurance Agency shall update its annual plan document to
 reflect its comprehensive parity compliance. An annual report shall also be filed with the Joint
 Committee on Government and Finance and the Public Employees Insurance Agency Finance
 Board.

#### §5-16-7b. Coverage for telehealth services.

1

2 (a) The plan shall provide coverage of health care services provided through telehealth 3 services if those same services are covered through face-to-face consultation by the policy.

4 (b) The plan may not exclude a service for coverage solely because the service is provided
5 through telehealth services.

6 (c) The plan shall provide reimbursement for a telehealth service at a rate negotiated
7 between the provider and the insurance company for virtual telehealth encounters. The plan shall
8 provide reimbursement for a telehealth service for an established patient, or care rendered on a

9 consulting basis to a patient located in an acute care facility, whether inpatient or outpatient, on the
10 same basis and at the same rate under a contract, plan, agreement, or policy as if the service is
11 provided through an in-person encounter rather than provided via telehealth.

(d) The plan may not impose any annual or lifetime dollar maximum on coverage for telehealth services other than an annual or lifetime dollar maximum that applies in the aggregate to all items and services covered under the policy, or impose upon any person receiving benefits pursuant to the provisions of or the requirements of this section any copayment, coinsurance, or deductible amounts, or any policy year, calendar year, lifetime, or other durational benefit limitation or maximum for benefits or services that is not equally imposed upon all terms and services covered under the policy, contract, or plan.

19 (e) An originating site may charge the plan a site fee.

20 (f) The coverage required by this section shall include the use of telehealth technologies as
21 it pertains to medically necessary remote patient monitoring services to the full extent that those
22 services are available.

#### §5-16-7c. Required coverage for reconstruction surgery following mastectomies.

(a) The plan shall provide, in a case of a participant or beneficiary who is receiving benefits
 in connection with a mastectomy and who elects breast reconstruction in connection with such
 mastectomy, coverage for:

4 (1) All stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy has been 5 performed;

6 (2) Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance;7 and

8 (3) Prostheses and physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas in a 9 manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient. Coverage shall be 10 provided for a minimum stay in the hospital of not less than 48 hours for a patient following a 11 radical or modified mastectomy and not less than 24 hours of inpatient care following a total

12 mastectomy or partial mastectomy with lymph node dissection for the treatment of breast cancer. 13 Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring inpatient coverage where inpatient 14 coverage is not medically necessary or where the attending physician in consultation with the 15 patient determines that a shorter period of hospital stay is appropriate. Such coverage may be 16 subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance provisions as may be deemed appropriate and as 17 are consistent with those established for other benefits under the plan. Written notice of the 18 availability of such coverage shall be delivered to the participant upon enrollment and annually 19 thereafter in the summary plan description or similar document.

20 (b) The plan may not:

(1) Deny a patient eligibility, or continued eligibility, to enroll or renew coverage under the
 terms of the plan, solely for the purpose of avoiding the requirements of this section; and

(2) Penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the reimbursement of an attending provider, or
 provide incentives (monetary or otherwise) to an attending provider, to induce such provider to
 provide care to an individual participant or beneficiary in a manner inconsistent with this section.

#### §5-16-7g. Coverage for prescription insulin drugs.

(a) A policy, plan, or contract that is issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2023, shall
 provide coverage for prescription insulin drugs and equipment pursuant to this section.

3 (b) Cost sharing for a 30-day supply of a covered prescription insulin drug may not exceed 4 \$35 in aggregate, including situations where the covered person is prescribed more than one 5 insulin drug, per 30-day supply, regardless of the amount or type of insulin needed to fill such 6 covered person's prescription. Cost sharing for a 30-day supply of covered device(s) may not 7 exceed \$100 in aggregate, including situations where the covered person is prescribed more than 8 one device, per 30-day supply. Each cost-share maximum is covered regardless of the person's 9 deductible, copayment, coinsurance, other cost-sharing requirement. or any 1 (c) Nothing in this section prevents the agency from reducing a covered person's cost 2 sharing by an amount greater than the amount specified in this subsection.

3 (d) No contract between the agency or its pharmacy benefits manager and a pharmacy or 4 its contracting agent shall contain a provision: (i) Authorizing the agency's pharmacy benefits 5 manager or the pharmacy to charge; (ii) requiring the pharmacy to collect; or (iii) requiring a 6 covered person to make a cost-sharing payment for a covered prescription insulin drug in an 7 amount that exceeds the amount of the cost-sharing payment for the covered prescription insulin 8 drug established by the agency as provided in subsection (b) of this section.

9 (e) The agency shall provide coverage for the following equipment and supplies for the 10 treatment or management of diabetes for both insulin-dependent and noninsulin-dependent 11 persons with diabetes and those with gestational diabetes: Blood glucose monitors, monitor 12 supplies, insulin, injection aids, syringes, insulin infusion devices, pharmacological agents for 13 controlling blood sugar, and orthotics.

(f) The agency shall provide coverage for diabetes self-management education to ensure that persons with diabetes are educated as to the proper self-management and treatment of their diabetes, including information on proper diets. Coverage for self-management education and education relating to diet shall be provided by a health care practitioner who has been appropriately trained as provided in §33-53-1(k) of this code.

(g) The education may be provided by a health care practitioner as part of an office visit for
 diabetes diagnosis or treatment, or by a licensed pharmacist for instructing and monitoring a
 patient regarding the proper use of covered equipment, supplies, and medications, or by a certified
 diabetes educator or registered dietitian.

(h) A pharmacy benefits manager, a health plan, or any other third party that reimburses a
pharmacy for drugs or services shall not reimburse a pharmacy at a lower rate and shall not
assess any fee, charge-back, or adjustment upon a pharmacy on the basis that a covered
person's costs sharing is being impacted.

#### §5-16-8. Conditions of insurance program.

The insurance plans provided for in this article shall be designed by the Public Employees
 Insurance Agency:

(1) To provide a reasonable relationship between the hospital, surgical, medical, and prescription drug benefits to be included and the expected reasonable and customary hospital, surgical, medical, and prescription drug expenses as established by the director to be incurred by the affected employee, his or her spouse, and his or her dependents. The establishment of reasonable and customary expenses by the Public Employees Insurance Agency pursuant to the preceding sentence is not subject to chapter §29A-1-1 *et seq.* of this code;

9 (2) To include reasonable controls which may include deductible and coinsurance 10 provisions applicable to some or all of the benefits, and shall include other provisions, including, 11 but not limited to, copayments, preadmission certification, case management programs, and 12 preferred provider arrangements;

(3) To prevent unnecessary utilization of the various hospital, surgical, medical, and
 prescription drug services available;

15 (4) To provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years for the plans;

16 (5) To provide major medical insurance for the employees covered under this article;

17 (6) To provide certain group life and accidental death insurance for the employees covered18 under this article;

(7) To include provisions for the coordination of benefits payable by the terms of the plans
with the benefits to which the employee, or his or her spouse, or his or her dependents may be
entitled by the provisions of any other group hospital, surgical, medical, major medical, or
prescription drug insurance, or any combination thereof;

(8) To provide a cash incentive plan for employees, spouses, and dependents to increase
utilization of, and to encourage the use of, lower cost alternative health care facilities, health care
providers, and generic drugs. The plan shall be reviewed annually by the director and the advisory
board;

(9) To provide health and wellness programs and resources impacting various components
of health and wellness. PEIA may explore, review, evaluate, and offer a variety of health and
wellness programming and resources to meet the needs of its members. These programs are
voluntary for participants and are separate and distinct from any medical benefit;

(10) To provide a program, to be administered by the director, for a patient audit plan with reimbursement up to a maximum of \$1,000 annually to employees for discovery of health care provider or hospital overcharges when the affected employee brings the overcharge to the attention of the plan. The hospital or health care provider shall certify to the director that it has provided, prior to or simultaneously with the submission of the statement of charges for payments, an itemized statement of the charges to the employee participant for which payment is requested of the plan;

(11) To require that all employers give written notice to each covered employee prior to
institution of any changes in benefits to employees, and to include appropriate penalty for any
employer not providing the required information to any employee; and

41 (12) (A) To provide coverage for emergency services under offered plans.

42 (B) Plans shall provide coverage for emergency services, including any pre-hospital 43 services, to the extent necessary to screen and stabilize the covered person. The plans shall 44 reimburse, less any applicable copayments, deductibles, or coinsurance for emergency services 45 rendered and related to the condition for which the covered person presented. Prior authorization 46 of coverage shall not be required for the screening services if a prudent layperson acting 47 reasonably would have believed that an emergency medical condition existed. Prior authorization 48 of coverage shall not be required for stabilization if an emergency medical condition exists. In the 49 event that prior authorization was obtained, the authorization may not be retracted after the 50 services have been provided except when the authorization was based on a material 51 misrepresentation about the medical condition by the provider of the services or the insured 52 person. The provider of the emergency services and the plan representative shall make a good

faith effort to communicate with each other in a timely fashion to expedite post-evaluation or poststabilization services. Payment of claims for emergency services shall be based on the retrospective review of the presenting history and symptoms of the covered person.

56 (C) For purposes of this subdivision:

57 "Emergency services" means those services required to screen for or treat an emergency
58 medical condition until the condition is stabilized, including pre-hospital care;

59 "Prudent layperson" means a person who is without medical training and who draws on his
60 or her practical experience when making a decision regarding whether an emergency medical
61 condition exists for which emergency treatment should be sought;

<sup>62</sup> "Emergency medical condition for the prudent layperson" means one that manifests itself <sup>63</sup> by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain, such that the person could <sup>64</sup> reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in serious jeopardy to the <sup>65</sup> individual's health, or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the unborn child, serious <sup>66</sup> impairment to bodily functions, or serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part;

<sup>67</sup> "Stabilize" means with respect to an emergency medical condition, to provide medical <sup>68</sup> treatment of the condition necessary to assure, with reasonable medical probability that no <sup>69</sup> medical deterioration of the condition is likely to result from or occur during the transfer of the <sup>70</sup> individual from a facility: *Provided*, That this provision may not be construed to prohibit, limit, or <sup>71</sup> otherwise delay the transportation required for a higher level of care than that possible at the <sup>72</sup> treating facility;

"Medical screening examination" means an appropriate examination within the capability
of the hospital's emergency department, including ancillary services routinely available to the
emergency department, to determine whether or not an emergency medical condition exists; and
"Emergency medical condition" means a condition that manifests itself by acute symptoms
of sufficient severity including severe pain such that the absence of immediate medical attention
could reasonably be expected to result in serious jeopardy to the individual's health, or, with

79 respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the unborn child, serious impairment to bodily 80 functions, or serious dysfunction of any bodily part or organ. §5-16-9. Authorization to execute contracts.

(a) The director is given exclusive authorization to execute such contract or contracts as
 are necessary to carry out the provisions of this article.

3 (b) The provisions of §5A-3-1 et seq. of this code, relating to the Division of Purchasing of 4 the Department of Finance and Administration, shall not apply to any contracts for any insurance 5 coverage or professional services authorized to be executed under the provisions of this article. 6 Before entering into any contract for any insurance coverage, as authorized in this article, the 7 director shall invite competent bids from all gualified and licensed insurance companies or carriers 8 that may wish to offer plans for the insurance coverage desired. The director shall negotiate and 9 contract directly with health care providers and other entities, organizations, and vendors in order 10 to secure competitive premiums, prices, and other financial advantages. The director shall deal 11 directly with insurers or health care providers and other entities, organizations, and vendors in 12 presenting specifications and receiving quotations for bid purposes. No commission or finder's 13 fee, or any combination thereof, shall be paid to any individual or agent: Provided, That this shall 14 not preclude an underwriting insurance company or companies, at their own expense, from 15 appointing a licensed resident agent within this state to service the companies' contracts awarded 16 under the provisions of this article. Commissions reasonably related to actual service rendered for 17 the agent or agents may be paid by the underwriting company or companies. In no event shall 18 payment be made to any agent or agents when no actual services are rendered or performed. The 19 director shall award the contract or contracts on a competitive basis. In awarding the contract or 20 contracts the director shall take into account the experience of the offering agency, corporation, 21 insurance company, or service organization in the group hospital and surgical insurance field, 22 group major medical insurance field, group prescription drug field, and group life and accidental 23 death insurance field, and its facilities for the handling of claims. In evaluating these factors, the

director may employ the services of impartial, professional insurance analysts or actuaries, or both. Any contract executed by the director with a selected carrier shall be a contract to govern all eligible employees subject to the provisions of this article. Nothing contained in this article shall prohibit any insurance carrier from soliciting employees covered hereunder to purchase additional hospital and surgical, major medical, or life and accidental death insurance coverage.

(c) The director may authorize the carrier with whom a primary contract is executed to
reinsure portions of the contract with other carriers which elect to be a reinsurer and who are
legally qualified to enter into a reinsurance agreement under the laws of this state.

32 (d) Each employee who is covered under any contract or contracts shall receive a 33 statement of benefits to which the employee, his or her spouse, and his or her dependents are 34 entitled under the contract, setting forth the information as to whom the benefits are payable, to 35 whom claims shall be submitted, and a summary of the provisions of the contract or contracts as 36 they affect the employee, his or her spouse, and his or her dependents.

(e) The director may at the end of any contract period discontinue any contract or contracts
it has executed with any carrier and replace the same with a contract or contracts with any other
carrier or carriers meeting the requirements of this article.

40 (f) The director shall include language in all contracts for pharmacy benefits management,
41 as defined by §33-51-3 of this code, requiring the pharmacy benefit manager to report quarterly to
42 the agency the following:

43 (1) The overall total amount charged to the agency for all claims processed by the44 pharmacy benefit manager during the quarter;

45 (2) The overall total amount of reimbursements paid to pharmacy providers during the46 quarter;

47 (3) The overall total number of claims in which the pharmacy benefits manager reimbursed
48 a pharmacy provider for less than the amount charged to the agency for all claims processed by
49 the pharmacy benefit manager during the quarter; and

50 (4) For all pharmacy claims, the total amount paid to the pharmacy provider per claim, 51 including, but not limited to, the following:

52 (A) The cost of drug reimbursement;

53 (B) Dispensing fees;

54 (C) Copayments; and

55 (D) The amount charged to the agency for each claim by the pharmacy benefit manager. 56 In the event there is a difference between the amount for any pharmacy claim paid to the 57 pharmacy provider and the amount reimbursed to the agency, the pharmacy benefit manager shall 58 report an itemization of all administrative fees, rebates, or processing charges associated with the 59 claim. All data and information provided by the pharmacy benefit manager shall be kept secure. 60 and notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the agency shall maintain the 61 confidentiality of the proprietary information and not share or disclose the proprietary information 62 contained in the report or data collected with persons outside the agency. All data and information 63 provided by the pharmacy benefit manager shall be considered proprietary and confidential and 64 exempt from disclosure under the West Virginia Freedom of Information Act pursuant to §29B-1-65 4(a)(1) of this code. Only those agency employees involved in collecting, securing, and analyzing 66 the data for the purpose of preparing the report provided for herein shall have access to the 67 proprietary data. The director shall provide a quarterly report to the Joint Committee on Health 68 detailing the information required by this section, including any difference or spread between the 69 overall amount paid by pharmacy benefit managers to the pharmacy providers and the overall 70 amount charged to the agency for each claim by the pharmacy benefit manager. To the extent 71 necessary, the director shall use aggregated, nonproprietary data only: Provided, That the director 72 must provide a clear and concise summary of the total amounts charged to the agency and 73 reimbursed to pharmacy providers on a quarterly basis.

(g) If the information required herein is not provided, the agency may terminate the contract
with the pharmacy benefit manager and the Office of the Insurance Commissioner shall discipline
the pharmacy benefit manager as provided in §33-51-8(e) of this code.

 77
 (h) The Public Employees Insurance Agency shall contract with networks to provide care

 78
 to
 its
 members
 out
 of
 state.

 §5-16-10. Contract provisions for group hospital and surgical, group major medical, group
 prescription drug and group life, and accidental death insurance for retired

employees, their spouses, and dependents.

A plan may provide benefits for retired employees and their spouses and dependents as
 defined by rules and regulations of the Public Employees Insurance Agency, and on such terms as
 the director may deem appropriate.

4 In the event the Public Employees Insurance Agency provides the above benefits for 5 retired employees, their spouses, and dependents, the Public Employees Insurance Agency shall 6 adopt rules and regulations prescribing the conditions under which retired employees may elect to 7 participate in or withdraw from the plan or plans. Any plan provided for shall be secondary to any 8 insurance plan administered by the United States Department of Health and Human Services to which the retired employee, spouse, or dependent may be eligible under any law or regulation of 9 10 the United States. If an employee eligible to participate in the Public Employees Insurance Agency 11 plans is also eligible to participate in the state Medicaid program, and chooses to do so, then the 12 Public Employees Insurance Agency may transfer to the Medicaid program funds to pay the 13 required state share of such employee's participation in Medicaid except that the amount 14 transferred may not exceed the amount that would be allocated by the agency to subsidize the 15 cost of coverage for the retired employee if he or she were enrolled in the Public Employees 16 Insurance Agency's plans.

## §5-16-11. To whom benefits paid.

Any benefits payable under a plan may be paid either directly to the medical provider, hospital, medical group, or other person, firm, association, or corporation furnishing the service upon which the claim is based, or to the insured upon presentation of valid bills for such service, subject to such provisions designed to facilitate payments as may be made by the director. §5-16-13. Payment of costs by employer and employee; spouse and dependent coverage; involuntary employee termination coverage; conversion of annual leave and sick leave authorized for health or retirement benefits; authorization for retiree participation; continuation of health insurance for surviving dependents of deceased employees; requirement of new health plan; limiting employer contribution.

(a) *Cost-sharing*. — The director shall provide plans that shall be paid by the employer and
 employee.

3 (b) Spouse and dependent coverage. —(1) An employee is entitled to have his or her
4 spouse and dependents included in any plan to which the employee is entitled to participate.

5 (2) The spouse and dependent coverage is limited to excess or secondary coverage for 6 each spouse and dependent who has primary coverage from any other source. If an employee's 7 spouse has health insurance available through an employer not defined in §5-16-2 of this code, 8 then the employer may not cover any portion of premiums for the employee's spouse coverage, 9 unless the employee adds his or her spouse to his or her coverage by paying the cost of the 10 actuarial value of the plan: Provided, That this does not apply to spouses of retired employees or 11 employers subject to §5-16-22 of this code. For purposes of this subsection, "actuarial value" 12 means the value as recommended by healthcare actuaries under §5-16-5 of this code.

The director may require proof regarding spouse and dependent primary coverage and shall adopt rules governing the nature, discontinuance, and resumption of any employee's coverage for his or her spouse and dependents.

16 (c) Continuation after termination. — If an employee participating in the plan is terminated from employment involuntarily or in reduction of work force, the employee's insurance coverage 17 18 provided under this article shall continue for a period of three months at no additional cost to the 19 employee and the employer shall continue to contribute the employer's share of plan premiums for 20 the coverage. An employee discharged for misconduct shall not be eligible for extended benefits 21 under this section. Coverage may be extended up to the maximum period of three months, while 22 administrative remedies contesting the charge of misconduct are pursued. If the discharge for 23 misconduct be upheld, the full cost of the extended coverage shall be reimbursed by the 24 employee. If the employee is again employed or recalled to active employment within 12 months of 25 his or her prior termination, he or she shall not be considered a new enrollee and may not be 26 required to again contribute his or her share of the premium cost if he or she had already fully 27 contributed such share during the prior period of employment.

28 (d) Conversion of accrued annual and sick leave for extended insurance coverage upon 29 retirement for employees who elected to participate in the plan before July. 1988. — Except as 30 otherwise provided in subsection (g) of this section, when an employee participating in the plan, 31 who elected to participate in the plan before July 1, 1988, is compelled or required by law to retire before reaching the age of 65, or when a participating employee voluntarily retires as provided by 32 33 law, that employee's accrued annual leave and sick leave, if any, shall be credited toward an 34 extension of the insurance coverage provided by this article, according to the following formulae: 35 The insurance coverage for a retired employee shall continue one additional month for every two days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective 36 37 date of his or her retirement. For a retired employee, his or her spouse and dependents, the 38 insurance coverage shall continue one additional month for every three days of annual leave or 39 sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his or her 40 retirement.(e) Conversion of accrued annual and sick leave for extended insurance coverage 41 upon retirement for employees who elected to participate in the plan after June, 1988. -

42 Notwithstanding subsection (d) of this section, and except as otherwise provided in subsections 43 (g) and (l) of this section, when an employee participating in the plan who elected to participate in 44 the plan on and after July 1, 1988, is compelled or required by law to retire before reaching the age 45 of 65, or when the participating employee voluntarily retires as provided by law, that employee's 46 annual leave or sick leave, if any, shall be credited toward one half of the premium cost of the 47 insurance provided by this article, for periods and scope of coverage determined according to the 48 following formulae: (1) One additional month of single retiree coverage for every two days of 49 annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his 50 or her retirement; or (2) one additional month of coverage for a retiree, his or her spouse, and 51 dependents for every three days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had 52 accrued as of the effective date of his or her retirement. The remaining premium cost shall be 53 borne by the retired employee if he or she elects the coverage. For purposes of this subsection, an 54 employee who has been a participant under spouse or dependent coverage and who reenters the 55 plan within 12 months after termination of his or her prior coverage shall be considered to have 56 elected to participate in the plan as of the date of commencement of the prior coverage. For 57 purposes of this subsection, an employee shall not be considered a new employee after returning 58 from extended authorized leave on or after July 1, 1988.

59 (f) In the alternative to the extension of insurance coverage through premium payment 60 provided in subsections (d) and (e) of this section, the accrued annual leave and sick leave of an 61 employee participating in the plan may be applied, on the basis of two days' retirement service 62 credit for each one day of accrued annual and sick leave, toward an increase in the employee's 63 retirement benefits with those days constituting additional credited service in computation of the 64 benefits under any state retirement system: Provided, That for a person who first becomes a 65 member of the Teachers Retirement System as provided in §18-7A-1 et seq. of this code on or 66 after July 1, 2015, accrued annual and sick leave of an employee participating in the plan may not 67 be applied for retirement service credit: Provided, however, That the additional credited service

shall not be used in meeting initial eligibility for retirement criteria, but only as additional servicecredited in excess thereof.

70 (q) Conversion of accrued annual and sick leave for extended insurance coverage upon 71 retirement for certain higher education employees. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (k) 72 of this section, when an employee, who is a higher education full-time faculty member employed 73 on an annual contract basis other than for 12 months, is compelled or required by law to retire 74 before reaching the age of 65, or when such a participating employee voluntarily retires as 75 provided by law, that employee's insurance coverage, as provided by this article, shall be 76 extended according to the following formulae: The insurance coverage for a retired higher 77 education full-time faculty member, formerly employed on an annual contract basis other than for 78 12 months, shall continue beyond the effective date of his or her retirement one additional year for 79 each three and one-third years of teaching service, as determined by uniform guidelines 80 established by the University of West Virginia Board of Trustees and the Board of Directors of the 81 State College System, for individual coverage, or one additional year for each five years of 82 teaching service for family coverage.

(h) *Retiree participation.* —All retired employees are eligible to obtain health insurance
coverage. The retired employee's premium contribution for the coverage shall be established by
the finance board.

(i) Surviving spouse and dependent participation. — A surviving spouse and dependents
of a deceased employee, who was either an active or retired employee participating in the plan just
prior to his or her death, are entitled to be included in any comprehensive group health insurance
coverage provided under this article to which the deceased employee was entitled, and the
spouse and dependents shall bear the premium cost of the insurance coverage. The finance
board shall establish the premium cost of the coverage.

(j) *Elected officials*. — In construing the provisions of this section or any other provisions of
 this code, the Legislature declares that it is not now, nor has it ever been the Legislature's intent

94 that elected public officials be provided any sick leave, annual leave, or personal leave, and the 95 enactment of this section is based upon the fact and assumption that no statutory or inherent 96 authority exists extending sick leave, annual leave, or personal leave to elected public officials, 97 and the very nature of those positions preclude the arising or accumulation of any leave so as to be 98 thereafter usable as premium paying credits for which the officials may claim extended insurance 99 benefits.

100 (k) Participation of certain former employees. — An employee, eligible for coverage under 101 the provisions of this article who has 20 years of service with any agency or entity participating in 102 the public employees insurance program or who has been covered by the public employees 103 insurance program for 20 years may, upon leaving employment with a participating agency or 104 entity, continue to be covered by the program if the employee pays 105 percent of the cost of 105 retiree coverage: Provided, That the employee shall elect to continue coverage under this 106 subsection within two years of the date the employment with a participating agency or entity is 107 terminated.

108 (I) Prohibition on conversion of accrued annual and sick leave for extended coverage upon 109 retirement for new employees who elect to participate in the plan after June, 2001. — Any 110 employee hired on or after July 1, 2001, who elects to participate in the plan may not apply accrued 111 annual or sick leave toward the cost of premiums for extended insurance coverage upon his or her 112 retirement. This prohibition does not apply to the conversion of accrued annual or sick leave for 113 increased retirement benefits, as authorized by this section: Provided, That any person who has 114 participated in the plan prior to July 1, 2001, is not a new employee for purposes of this subsection 115 if he or she becomes reemployed with an employer participating in the plan within two years 116 following his or her separation from employment and he or she elects to participate in the plan 117 upon his or her reemployment.

(m) Prohibition on conversion of accrued years of teaching service for extended coverage
upon retirement for new employees who elect to participate in the plan July, 2009. —Any

120	employee hired on or after July 1, 2009, who elects to participate in the plan may not apply accrued
121	years of teaching service toward the cost of premiums for extended insurance coverage upon his
122	or her retirement.
	§5-16-14. Program qualifying for favorable federal income tax treatment.
1	The director shall developdeductible and employee premium programs which qualify for
2	favorable federal income tax treatment under section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code.
	§5-16-15. Optional dental, optical, disability, and prepaid retirement plan, and audiology
	and hearing-aid service plan.
1	(a) The director shall make available to participants in the public employees insurance
2	system:
3	(1) A dental insurance plan;
4	(2) An optical insurance plan;
5	(3) A disability insurance plan;
6	(4) A prepaid retirement insurance plan; and
7	(5) An audiology and hearing-aid services insurance plan.
8	(b) Public employees insurance participants may elect to participate in any one of these
9	plans separately or in combination. All actuarial and administrative costs of each plan shall be
10	totally borne by the premium payments of the participants or local governing bodies electing to
11	participate in that plan. The director is authorized to employ such administrative practices and
12	procedures with respect to these optional plans as are authorized for the administration of other
13	plans under this article. The director shall establish separate funds for each of the above listed
14	plans. The funds shall not be supplemented by nor be used to supplement any other funds.
	§5-16-16. Preferred provider plan.

15 The director shall establish a preferred provider system for the delivery of health care to 16 plan participants by all health care providers, which may include, but not be limited to, medical

doctors, chiropractors, physicians, osteopathic physicians, surgeons, hospitals, clinics, nursing
 homes, pharmacies, and pharmaceutical companies.

18 The director shall establish the terms of the preferred provider system and the incentives 19 therefor. The terms and incentives may include multiyear renewal options as are not prohibited by 20 the Constitution of this state and capitated primary care arrangements which are not subject to the 21 provisions of §33-25A-1 et of this code. seq. §5-16-18. Payment of costs by employer; schedule of insurance; special funds created; duties of Treasurer with respect thereto.

1 (a) All employers operating from state general revenue or special revenue funds, or federal 2 funds, or any combination of those funds, shall budget the cost of insurance coverage provided by 3 the Public Employees Insurance Agency to current and retired employees of the employer as a 4 separate line item titled PEIA in its respective annual budget and are responsible for the transfer of 5 funds to the director for the cost of insurance for employees covered by the plan. Each spending 6 unit shall pay to the director its proportionate share from each source of funds. Any agency wishing 7 to charge General Revenue Funds for insurance benefits for retirees under §5-16-13 of this code 8 shall provide documentation to the director that the benefits cannot be paid for by any special revenue account or that the retiring employee has been paid solely with General Revenue Funds 9 10 for 12 months prior to retirement.

11 (b) If the general revenue appropriation for any employer, excluding county boards of 12 education, is insufficient to cover the cost of insurance coverage for the employer's participating 13 employees, retired employees, and surviving dependents, the employer shall pay the remainder of 14 the cost from its "personal services" or "unclassified" line items. The amount of the payments for 15 county boards of education shall be determined by the method set forth in §18-9A-24 of this code: 16 Provided, That local excess levy funds shall be used only for the purposes for which they were 17 raised: Provided, however, That after approval of its annual financial plan, but in no event later 18 than December 31 of each year, the finance board shall notify the Legislature and county boards of

education of the maximum amount of employer premiums that the county boards of educationshall pay for covered employees during the following fiscal year.

(c) All other employers not operating from the state General Revenue Fund shall pay to the
director their share of premium costs from their respective budgets. The finance board shall
establish the employers' share of premium costs to reflect and pay the actual costs of the coverage
including incurred but not reported claims.

25 (d) The contribution of the other employers that are counties, cities, or towns in the state; 26 any separate corporation or instrumentality established by one or more counties, cities, or towns, 27 as permitted by law; any corporation or instrumentality supported in most part by counties, cities or 28 towns; any public corporation charged by law with the performance of a governmental function and 29 whose jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more counties, cities, or towns; any comprehensive 30 community mental health center or comprehensive mental health facility established, operated, or 31 licensed by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources pursuant to §27-2A-32 1 et seq. of this code, and which is supported in part by state, county, or municipal funds; and a 33 combined city-county health department created pursuant to §16-2-1 et seq. of this code for their 34 employees shall be the percentage of the cost of the employees' insurance package as the 35 employers determine reasonable and proper under their own particular circumstances.

36 (e) The employee's proportionate share of the premium or cost shall be withheld or
37 deducted by the employer from the employee's salary or wages as and when paid and the sums
38 shall be forwarded to the director with any supporting data as the director may require.

(f) All moneys received by the Public Employees Insurance Agency shall be deposited in a special fund or funds as are necessary in the State Treasury and the Treasurer is custodian of the fund or funds and shall administer the fund or funds in accordance with the provisions of this article or as the director may from time to time direct. The Treasurer shall pay all warrants issued by the State Auditor against the fund or funds as the director may direct in accordance with the provisions of this article. All funds received by the agency, shall be deposited, as determined by the director,

in any of the investment pools with the West Virginia Investment Management Board, with the
interest income or other earnings a proper credit to all such funds for the benefit of the Public
Employees Insurance Agency.

48 (g) The Public Employees Insurance Agency may recover an additional interest amount 49 from any employer that fails to pay in a timely manner any premium or minimum annual employer 50 payment, as defined in §5-16D-1 et seq. of this code, which is due and payable to the Public 51 Employees Insurance Agency or the Retiree Health Benefit Trust. The agency may recover the 52 amount due plus an additional amount equal to 2.5 percent per annum of the amount due. Accrual 53 of interest owed by the delinquent employer commences upon the 31st day following the due date 54 for the amount owed and shall continue until receipt by the Public Employees Insurance Agency of 55 the delinguent payment. Interest shall compound every 30 days. §5-16-23. Members of Legislature may be covered if cost of the entire coverage is paid by such members.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this article to the contrary, members of the Legislature may participate in and be covered by any insurance plan or plans authorized hereunder for state officers and employees, except that all members of the Legislature who elect to participate in or to be covered by any such plan or plans shall pay their proportionate individual share of the full cost for all group coverage on themselves, their spouses, and dependents, so that there will be no cost to the state for the coverage of any such members, spouses, and dependents.

#### §5-16-25. Reserve fund.

1 The finance board shall establish and maintain a reserve fund for the purposes of offsetting unanticipated claim losses in any fiscal year. The finance board shall maintain the actuarily 2 3 recommended reserve in an amount no less than 10 percent of the projected total plan costs for 4 that fiscal year in the reserve fund, which is to be certified by the actuary and included in the final, 5 approved financial plan submitted to the Governor and Legislature. §5-16-26. Quarterly report.

1 On or before the 30th day of January, April, July, and October the director shall prepare for 2 the approval of the finance board, and thereafter present to the Joint Committee on Government 3 and Finance a quarterly report setting forth:

4 (a) A summary of the cost to the plan of health care claims incurred in the preceding
5 calendar quarter;

6 (b) A summary of the funds accrued to the plan by legislative appropriation, employer and
7 employee premiums, or otherwise, in the preceding calendar quarter for payment of health care
8 claims;

9 (c) An explanation of all cost containment measures, increased premium rates, and any 10 other plan changes adopted by the director in the preceding calendar quarter and estimated cost 11 savings and enhanced revenues resulting therefrom, and a certification that the director made a 12 good faith effort to develop and implement all reasonable health care cost containment 13 alternatives;

14 (d) Expected claim costs for the next calendar year;

15 (e) Such other information as the director deems appropriate; and

16 (f) Any other financial or other information as may be requested by the Joint Committee on

17 Government

and

Finance.

§5-16-28. Incorporation of the coverage for 12-month refill for contraceptive drugs.

1 [Repealed.]

# §5-16-30. PEIA solvency.

1 The Public Employees Insurance Agency shall return to, and provide that, the aggregate 2 premium cost-sharing percentages between employers and employees, including the amounts of 3 any subsidization of retired employee benefits, shall be at a level of 80 percent for the employer 4 and 20 percent for employees during fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.

§5-16-31. PEIA actuarial study.

PEIA shall conduct an independent actuarial study of the financial solvency of the plan, including, but not limited to, a consideration of alternatives to bring long-term financial stability to the plan, options regarding continued nonstate employee participation in the plan, collapsing salary levels, and any other cost-saving measures. PEIA shall seek input from public employees, retirees, providers, and other interested parties on solutions to evaluate in the study. The actuarial study shall begin on or before July 1, 2023. A report on the study shall be presented to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance on or before July 1, 2024.

# §5-16-32. Effective date of amendments.

The amendments made to this article during the regular session of the Legislature, 2023,
 shall be incorporated into the plan beginning with plan year 2024.